

## **REGULATION 6.19 Standard of Performance for Existing Metal Furniture Surface Coating Operations**

### **Air Pollution Control District of Jefferson County Jefferson County, Kentucky**

**Relates To:** KRS Chapter 77 Air Pollution Control

**Pursuant To:** KRS Chapter 77 Air Pollution Control

**Necessity And Function:** KRS 77.180 provides that the Air Pollution Control Board may make and enforce all needful orders, rules, and regulations necessary or proper to accomplish the purposes of KRS Chapter 77. This regulation provides for the control of emissions from surface coating operations at existing metal furniture manufacturing facilities.

### **SECTION 1 Applicability**

This regulation applies to each affected facility which was in being or had a construction permit issued by the District on or before the effective date of this regulation. Any source that is ever subject to this regulation will always be subject to it unless the source changes its process to one not covered by this regulation.

### **SECTION 2 Definitions**

Terms used in this regulation not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in Regulation 1.02.

- 2.1 "Affected facility" means a coating line for indoor and/or outdoor metal furniture.
- 2.2 "Applicator" means the mechanism or device used to apply the coating, including, but not limited to, dipping, spraying, or flow-coating.
- 2.3 "Coating line" means a series of one or more coating applicators and any associated flash-off area, drying area, and/or oven wherein a coating is applied, dried, and/or cured; a coating line ends with the end of the drying or curing area or prior to the beginning of the application of the next coating. It is not necessary to have an oven or a flash-off area in order to be included in this definition. This shall include, but is not limited to:
  - 2.3.1 Mixing operations;
  - 2.3.2 Process storage;
  - 2.3.3 Applicators;
  - 2.3.4 Drying operations including flash off area evaporation, oven drying, baking, curing, and polymerization;
  - 2.3.5 Clean up operations;
  - 2.3.6 Leaks, spills and disposal of VOCs; and
  - 2.3.7 Processing and handling of recovered VOCs;
- 2.4 "Flash off area" means the space between the applicator and the oven.
- 2.5 "Metal furniture" means household and business items including, but not limited to: tables, chairs, wastebaskets, beds, desks, lockers, benches, shelving, file cabinets, lamps and room dividers.
- 2.6 "Prime coat" means the first film of coating applied in a multi-coat operation.

- 2.7 "Process storage" means mixing tanks, holding tanks, and other tanks, drums, or other containers which contain surface coatings, VOCs or recovered VOCs, but does not mean storage tanks which are subject to Regulation 6.13.
- 2.8 "Single coat" means a single film coating applied directly to the metal substrate omitting the prime coat.
- 2.9 "Topcoat" means the final film of coating applied in a two-coat operation or the coatings which are applied after the single coat in a multi-coat operation.
- 2.10 "Volatile organic compounds net input" means the total amount of VOCs input to the affected facility minus the amount of VOCs that are not emitted into the atmosphere. Volatile organic compounds that are prevented from being emitted to the atmosphere by the use of control devices shall not be subtracted from the total for the purposes of determining VOC net input. When the nature of any operation or design of equipment is such as to permit more than one interpretation of this definition, the interpretation that results in the minimum value for allowable emissions shall apply.

### **SECTION 3 Standard for Volatile Organic Compounds**

No person shall cause, allow or permit an affected facility to discharge into the atmosphere more than 15% by weight of the VOCs input into the affected facility.

### **SECTION 4 Compliance**

- 4.1 In all cases, the design of any control device is subject to approval by the District.
- 4.2 Compliance with the standard in section 3 shall be demonstrated by a material balance except in those cases when the District determines that a material balance is not possible. For those cases when a material balance is not possible, compliance will be determined based upon an engineering analysis by the District of: the control system design, control device efficiency, control system capture efficiency, and any other factors that could influence the performance of the system. If so requested by the District, performance tests as specified by the District shall be conducted in order to determine the efficiency of the control system or any part of the system. The control system capture efficiency shall be measured according to Regulation 1.05.
- 4.3 With the prior approval of the District, the owner or operator may elect to effect such changes in the affected facility as are necessary to qualify for an exemption under section 5.
- 4.4 Whenever deemed necessary, the District shall obtain samples of the coatings used at an affected facility to verify that the coatings meet the requirements in section 5.
  - 4.4.1 EPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the VOC content of coatings.

### **SECTION 5 Exemptions**

- 5.1 Any affected facility shall be exempt from section 3 if the VOC content of the coating is less than 0.36 kg/l of coating (3.0 lb/gal) excluding water and exempt solvent, delivered to the applicators associated with the prime, single or topcoat coating line.
- 5.2 No owner or operator of a metal furniture coating line subject to this section shall apply coating on any such line, during any day, whose daily-weighted average VOC content, calculated in accordance with section 5.2.1, exceeds the emission limit in section 5.1. Equivalency calculations must be done on a solids applied basis.

- 5.2.1 The daily weighted average VOC content, which means the VOC content of two or more coatings as applied on a coating line during any day, and weighted according to the fraction of the total coating volume that each coating represents, shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$VOC_w = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{V_i C_i}{V_t}$$

where:

- $VOC_w$  = The average VOC content of two or more coatings as applied each day on a coating line in units of kg VOC/l of coating (lb/gal), minus water and exempt solvents.
- $V_i$  = The volume of each coating as applied each day on a coating line in units of liters (gallons), minus water and exempt solvents.
- $C_i$  = The VOC content of each coating as applied each day on a coating line in units of kg VOC/l of coating (lb/gal,) minus water and exempt solvents.
- $V_t$  = The total volume of all coatings as applied each day on a coating line in units of liters (gallons), minus water and exempt solvents.
- $n$  = The number of different coatings as applied each day on a coating line.

## SECTION 6 Recordkeeping

- 6.1 An owner or operator of a stationary source using coatings or solvents and subject to this regulation shall maintain daily records of operations for the most recent two year period. The records shall be made available to the District upon request. The records shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 6.1.1 The rule number applicable to the operation for which the records are being maintained;
  - 6.1.2 The application method and substrate type (metal, plastic, etc.);
  - 6.1.3 The amount and type of coatings, (including catalyst and reducer for multicomponent coatings), solvent, and/or exempt compounds;
  - 6.1.4 The VOC content as applied in each coating and solvent;
  - 6.1.5 The date for each application of coating or solvent;
  - 6.1.6 The amount of surface preparation, clean-up, wash-up, of solvent (including exempt compounds) used and the VOC content of each; and
  - 6.1.7 Oven temperature, where applicable.
- 6.2 VOC content shall be calculated using a percent solids basis (less water and exempt solvents) for adhesives, coating, and inks using EPA Method 24.
- 6.3 When a source utilizes add-on controls to achieve compliance, documentation will be necessary to assure proper operation. Examples of some controls and related information are:
- 6.3.1 Thermal incineration - combustion temperature, inlet and outlet VOC concentration from emission tests, how and when these concentrations were determined, destruction or removal efficiency and manufacturer data;
  - 6.3.2 Catalytic incineration - exhaust gas temperature, change in temperature across catalyst bed, date of last change of catalyst bed, inlet and outlet VOC concentration from emission

- test, how and when these concentrations were determined, destruction or removal efficiency, and manufacturer data;
- 6.3.3 Condenser - inlet temperature of cooling medium, outlet temperature of cooling medium, inlet and outlet VOC concentration from emission tests, how and when these concentrations were determined, removal efficiency, and manufacturer data; and
- 6.3.4 When a source utilizes add-on controls, compliance shall be determined by using EPA Method 25.

Adopted v1/6-13-79; effective 6-13-79; amended v2/4-20-88, v3/5-15-91.